**Rawal Medical Journal** 

An official publication of Pakistan Medical Association Rawalpindi Islamabad branch

Established 1975

Volume 36

Number 3

July-September

2011

Correspondence

Inguinal herniorrhaphy under local anesthesia

Yong Han Kim, Sang Yoon Jeon, Jae Hong Park, Ji Hyun Choe

Department of Anesthesiology, Haeundae Paik Hospital, Inje University; Korea.

Dear Editor,

We read with interest the original article by Odeh et al on inguinal herniorrhaphy under local

anesthesia. The authors stated that this article was based on 72 patients and three of them

had bilateral hernia. Mean doses of lidocaine and bupivacaine were 250mg and 125mg in

conversion. Local anesthesia has some advantages in aspect of cost and hospital stay over

general anesthesia.<sup>2</sup> Local anesthetic drugs are relatively safe but can affect central nervous

system (CNS) and cardiovascular system in case of inadvertent vascular injection or

overdoses.<sup>3</sup> In bilateral hernia, local infiltration should be performed on both side, therefore,

it has a potential to have double local anesthetic doses. Bilateral herniorrhaphy requires more

attention than unilateral in local anesthesia because of high possibility to over dosage.

Cardiovascular collapse induced by bupivacaine could lead to tragic consequences for

patients, thus clinician should be careful to use it.4

Correspondence: Yong Han Kim (adonis94@naver.com)

## REFERENCES

- 1. Odeh J, Alomari M, Rababaah A, Maslamani A, Khasawneh L. Inguinal herniorrhaphy under local anesthesia: outcome and tolerance among patients in Royal Medical Services . Rawal Med J 2011;36:120-2.
- 2. de Sá Ribeiro FA, Padron F, Castro TD, Torres Filho LC, Fernandes Bde A. Inguinal hernia repair with local anesthesia in the outpatient. Rev Col Bras Cir 2010;37:397-402.
- 3. Berde CB, Strichartz GR. Local anethetics. In: Miller RD. Anesthesia. 7th ed. Philadelphia: Churchill Livingstone; 2010. p.913-940.
- 4. Rosen MA, Thigpen JW, Shnider SM, Foutz SE, Levinson G, Koike M. Bupivacaine-induced cardiotoxicity in hypoxic and acidotic sheep. Anesth Analg 1985;64:1089-96.