The transition from the 20th to the 21st century was one of the most prolific and propulsive periods in the history of science and scientific journals (1-3). Millions scientific and professional articles are prepared in electronic form, especially in the biomedicine fields, so the creation of many indexed and citation databases with abstracts or full texts become relatively easy problem to solve (2).

A large number of the journals appeared in form of open access in electronic form available for readers (3). But obviously the question raises about the quality and value of these scientific journals with journals that are still available and already present on a commercial basis (4, 5). This applies to journals within biomedicine, where reliability and quality, or the credibility of the information itself is of great importance for science and academics itself. The primary publication represents the document containing the text with basic informations in original form prepared by the author (1).

The journal represents one of the main communication media in every kind of science - in the field of natural, technical, social, religious and biomedical sciences, etc. (1). The most important role of scientific journals is the publication and dissemination of scientific research articles (6-10). The source of scientific and technical information can only be human - scientist or expert whose scientific and professional work creates knowledge in an area (1,6-10).

Biomedical journals according to field covered can be divided into four groups (1): a) highly specialized journals (publish materials from the specific scientific field), b) general biomedical journals (intended for a wide range of users), c) classic journals (deals with problem from only one biomedical field) and d) primary research journals (professional literature and a major source of scientific information) (1, 2). Equally important is the role of received articles evaluation carried out by reviewers of particular journal who read the text of articles and assess the quality of written paper (recension) (1, 3). Review process has, in fact, a key role in evaluating the methodological validity (1), interpretation and conclusions of the research results described text. (5). The following role of function of a journal is protection of author’s intellectual property (1), its presentation to the scientific community and securing the path for gaining professional recognition and advancement (7-11).

Today, scientific journals have a significant role in the implementation of science policy and decision-making in science because rating of the journal may influence decisions about financial support to scientific projects, the ranking of academic and scientific institutions and the advancement of individuals in the scientific and academic system (1, 3). As the number of scientific journals in the world rapidly increases, the scientists were able to follow everything that is published in the field of their interest and they are forced to select literature using scientific online databases like WoS, PubMed, PubMed Central, Scopus, Hinary etc., or scientific platforms like ResearchGate or Academia.ed. It will allocate professionals precious time and read it for their needs. For this reason, librarians, scien-
Acta Informatica Medica is a research journal that publishes research related to Medicine (all). This journal is published by the Arteria Publishing. The P-ISSN of this journal is 20380189.

Also, check the other important details below like Publisher, ISSN, Ranking, Impact Factor (if applicable), Publication for (AFOC), Review Times, and Acceptance Rate of Acta Informatica Medica.

**Acta Informatica Medica**

**Acta Informatica Medica Ranking**

The SJR (SCImago Journal Rank) measures citations weighted by prestige. It is useful for comparing journals within the same field, and forms the basis of the subject category ranking. A journal SJR indicator is a numeric value representing the average number of weighted citations received during a selected year per document published in that journal during the previous three years, as indexed by Scopus. Higher SJR indicator values are meant to indicate greater journal prestige. SRJ is developed by the Scimago Lab, originated from a research group at University ofGranada. Q1 journals are cited more often and by more prestigious journals than those in the other quartiles.

Each subject category of journals is divided into four quartiles: Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4. Q1 is occupied by the top 25% of journals in the list; Q2 is occupied by journals in the 25 to 50% group; Q3 is occupied by journals in the 50 to 75% group and Q4 is occupied by journals in the 75 to 100% group.

**CiteScore** of an academic journal is a measure reflecting the yearly average number of citations to recent articles published in that journal. This journal evaluation metric was launched in December 2016 by Elsevier as an alternative to the traditionally used JCR impact factor (calculated by Clarivate). CiteScore is based on the citations recorded in the Scopus database rather than in JCR, and these citations are collected for articles published in the preceding four years instead of two or five.

Source: Normalized Impact per Paper (SNIP) is calculated annually from Scopus data. It is a sophisticated metric that simultaneously accounts for field-specific differences in citation practices.

**Important Metrics**

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<tr>
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**Figure 1. Acta Informatica Medica journal’s Impact Factor Indexing Ranking in 2022**

tists and publishers are interested in assessing the quality of the journal in order to subscribe to the most relevant scientific journals for their customers and follow what is published and publish their articles in them (1, 5).

Acta Informatica Medica (Acta Inform Med and Home-page of the journals is https://actainformmed.org/ (32-35)) is a peer-reviewed, open access journal publishing original articles, professional articles, reviews, viewpoints, short communications, and case studies, covering issues in Medical informatics, Health informatics and Biomedical informatics (11-20). The journal is the official journal of the Academy of Medical Sciences of Bosnia and Herzegovina and of the European Federation for Medical Informatics (EFMI) (21-31). Issues are published quarterly: in March, June, September, and December. In case when Editorial Board received enough papers during one year, it is possible to print additional issue as special issue of supplement. Specific scope of interests of the journal relates to System and System analysis, Medical documentation, Electronic health records, Clinical Decision Making, Artificial intelligence, Expert systems, Science editing, E-learning in medicine, On-line biomedical databases, Information and Communication technologies, Health information systems. Evidence-based articles reflecting progress of Medical informatics in Balkan and Mediterranean countries are prioritized.

Acta Informatica Medica journal is registered in National and University Library in Sarajevo, Bosnia and Herzegovina - ISSN: 0353-8109 (Print), ISSN: 1986-5988 (On-line).

Acta Informatica Medica is a journal covering the technologies/fields/categories related to Medicine (miscellaneous) (32-37). The overall rank of Acta Informatica Medica is 12749. According to SCImago Journal Rank (SJR), this journal is ranked 0.372. SCImago Journal Rank is an indicator, which measures the scientific influence of journals. It considers the number of citations received by a journal and the importance of the journals from where these citations

**Similar Journals**

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  - Publisher: WROCLAW MEDICAL UNEV
- **RESUSCITATION PLUS**
  - ISSN: 2466-7304
  - Publisher: ELSEVIER
- **WORLD JOURNAL OF TRADITIONAL CHINESE MEDICINE**
  - ISSN: 2114-8571
  - Publisher: WOLters KLUWER MedKNOw PUBLICATIONS
- **AMERICAN JOURNAL OF TRADITIONAL CHINESE MEDICINE**
  - ISSN: 0192-415X
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  - ISSN: 0961-297X
  - Publisher: WILEY
- **INDIAN JOURNAL OF MEDICAL RESEARCH**
  - ISSN: 0971-5196
  - Publisher: WOLters KLUWER MedKNOw PUBLICATIONS

**Top 20 Journals**

- Agricultural & Bio logical Sciences
- Arts & Humanities
- Business, Management and Accounting
- Chemistry
- Computer Science
- Economics
- Engineering
- Geology
- Mathematics
- Medicine
Acta Informatica Medica has an h-index of 24. It means 24 articles of this journal have more than 24 number of citations (35). The h-index is a way of measuring the productivity and citation impact of the publications. The h-Index is defined as the maximum value of h such that the given journal/author has published h papers that have each been cited at least h number of times. The Highest Journal’s Impact IF (2011 - 2023) is 1.496; the Lowest Journal’s Impact IF (2011 - 2023) is 0.59; the Total Journal’s Impact IF Growth Rate (2011 - 2023) is 103.3%; the Average Journal’s Impact IF Growth Rate (2011 - 2023) is 12.9%, and the Annual Journal’s Impact IF Growth Rate (2022 - 2023) is 107.8%.

Acta Informatica Medica ISSN has the ISSN of Acta Informatica Medica is 03538109, 19865988. ISSN stands for International Standard Serial Number. An ISSN is a unique code.
of 8 digits. It is used for the recognition of journals, newspapers, periodicals, and magazines in all kind of forms, be it print-media or electronic.

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WE site of the journal is www.actainformmed.org. The ISO 4 standard abbreviation of Acta Informatica Medica is Acta Inform. Med. This abbreviation (‘Acta Inform. Med.’) is well recommended and approved for the purpose of indexing, abstraction, referencing and citing goals. It meets all the essential criteria of ISO 4 standard. ISO 4 (International Organization for Standardization 4) is an international standard that defines a uniform and consistent system for abbreviating serial publication titles and journals.

If your research field is/are related to Medicine (miscellaneous) (Q3), then please visit the official website of this journal and find the acceptance rate/percentage of any academic journal/conference depends upon many parameters. The demand or interest of researchers/scientists in publishing in a specific Journal/Conference. Peer review complexity and timeline. The mix of unsolicited and invited submissions. The time it takes from manuscript submission to final publication. Submissions of the papers are organized electronically via eJManager system (former ScopeMed DBMS) at platform JPort, located in Brussels, Belgium.

It is essential to understand that the acceptance rate/rejection rate of papers varies among journals. Some Journals considers all the manuscripts submissions as a basis of acceptance rate computation. On the other hand, few consider the only manuscripts sent for peer review or few even not bother about the accurate maintenance of total submissions. Hence, it can provide a rough estimation only. The best way to find out the acceptance rate is to reach out to the associated editor or to check the official website of the Journal.

Scimago Journal & Country Rank (SJR), https://www.scimagojr.com/ Journal Impact Factor, https://clarivate.com/ (35). The users of Scimago Journal & Country Rank have the possibility to dialogue through comments linked to a specific journal. The purpose is to have a forum in which general doubts about the processes of publication in the journal, experiences and other issues derived from the publication of papers are resolved. For topics on particular articles, maintain the dialogue through the usual channels with your editor.


Acta Informatica Medica journal is included in Exaly database system (36). Exaly is a non-profit project to address the absence of an open and comprehensive resource of scholarly literature and scientometric data. It provides almost all services by Google Scholar, Web of Science, Publons, Scopus, Crossref, and ResearchGate combined. At Exaly list on October 2022 Acta Informatica Medica is in the place 3741 out of 15,471 health sciences journals, with next facts: IF is 1.8 (top of 9%); extended IF is 2.1 (within top 9%); h-Index is 33 (within top 11%); 282 authors; 738 papers; 4,830 citations, 1,800 citing journals and 4,269 citing authors.. Exaly concluded - Acta Informatica Medica is reputed research journal regarding calculated facts.

**REFERENCES**


